SUCCESFUL PAPER WRITING CHECKLIST

You have a great idea for an academic paper, but you don't know where to start? Use this 8-step process to write a paper that will impress your instructor and readers. And easily create a paper that showcases your skills and knowledge!



1. SELECT THE TOPIC

- □ Choose a topic that relevant and manageable for your paper.
- □ Narrow down your topic to a specific research question or hypothesis/thesis statement.
- □ Read and understand journal requirements and author instructions.
- □ Make sure your topic meets the requirements (length, scope, etc.).

2. CONDUCT COMPREHENSIVE RESEARCH

- □ Find reliable and credible references that support your argument or answer your research question.
- Evaluate the quality and relevance of your references using criteria such as authorship, publication date, bias, accuracy, etc.
- □ Take notes of the main points, arguments and evidence from your references.
- □ Cite your references using a consistent citation style (e.g. APA, MLA, Chicago etc.).

3. DEVELOP AN OUTLINE

□ Organize your ideas and information into a logical structure that follows the standard format of an academic paper: introduction, body and conclusion.

- Use headings and subheadings to divide your paper into sections and subsections.
- □ Write down the main points and supporting details for each section in bullet points or sentences.

4. WRITE THE INTRODUCTION

- \Box Grab the reader's attention with a statistic, a question, etc.
- Provide some background information on the topic and context of your paper.
- □ State your hypothesis/thesis statement clearly and concisely at the end of the introduction.

5. WRITE THE BODY

- Describe how you conducted your research and what your findings were.
- □ Write one paragraph for each main point or argument that supports your thesis statement.
- □ Start each paragraph with a topic sentence that introduces the main idea of the paragraph.
- Provide evidence, examples, facts, statistics etc. from your references to support your point or argument.
- Explain how your evidence relates to your point or argument and to your hypothesis/thesis statement.
- □ Use transitions to show the connections and relationships between your paragraphs and ideas.

6. WRITE THE CONCLUSION

- □ Restate your hypothesis/thesis statement using different words.
- □ Summarize the main points or arguments of your paper without repeating them verbatim.
- Draw connections between your arguments and show how they answer your research question or support your hypothesis/thesis statement.
- □ Provide some implications, recommendations, suggestions, limitations or future directions for further research on the topic.

7. FOLLOW THE FORMATTING GUIDELINES

- □ Apply the formatting guidelines of your citation style.
- □ Include a title page with your name, course name, instructor name and date (if required).

- □ Include a reference page at the end of your paper with full details of all your references.
- □ Use page numbers, headers and footers as needed.

8. PROOFREAD AND EDIT

- □ Check your spelling, grammar, punctuation and word choice for errors and inconsistencies.
- Read your paper aloud or ask someone else to read it for feedback and suggestions.
- □ Make sure your paper is clear, concise, coherent and complete.
- □ Revise and improve any parts that are unclear, irrelevant or redundant.